no. 28, 1895, p. 96), a species described from the Upper Rejang River, Sarawak, one of the types of which is now in the This form is remarkable in establishing a British Museum. connecting-link between the sections Riopa, Gray, and Lygosoma, Gray. It agrees with the former in the presence of supranasals, forming a suture behind the rostral, with the latter in the frontal shield being much broader than the supraocular region. In the Sarawak specimen the fifth upper labial is broken up into several shields, there are 38 scales round the body, and the upper parts are yellowish brown with a dark brown band across the frontal region and another across the occipital. In the Larut specimen the fifth labial is as large as the fourth and borders the eye, the scales number 40, and the dark brown of the occiput extends along the dorsal surface of the body and tail, the sides of which are reddish.

Lycodon Butleri.

Closely allied to L. fasciatus, Anderson, but with a larger eye and more strongly angulate ventral and subcaudal shields. Body slightly compressed. Rostral twice as broad as deep, hardly visible from above; internasals three fifths the length of the præfrontals; frontal a little longer than broad, as long as its distance from the end of the snout, shorter than the parietals; loreal more than twice as long as deep, bordering the eye below the single præocular; two postoculars; temporals 2+2; eight upper labials, third, fourth, and fifth entering the eye; five or six lower labials in contact with the anterior chin-shields, which are as long as the posterior. Scales in 17 rows; dorsals very feebly keeled. Ventrals 224-228, strongly angulate laterally; anal entire; subcaudals 88-92 pairs. Blackish brown above and beneath, with 43 or 45 rather irregular annuli of whitish spots or edges to the scales.

Total length 540 millim.; tail 115.

Two female specimens from the Larut Hills at altitudes of 4000 and 5000 feet.

XX.—Description of a new Lizard from Jamaica. By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

Diploglossus Bakeri.

Lateral teeth obtusely tricuspid. Head small, not distinct from neck; snout short, with obtuse canthus; ear-opening Ann. & Mag. N. Hist. Ser. 7. Vol. vi. 13

moderately large, smaller than the eye-opening; a large azygous præfrontal, broader than and in contact with the entire anterior border of the frontal, in contact with the loreal and separated from the rostral by two pairs of shields; frontal once and one third as long as broad; parietal on each side separated from the frontal and supraoculars by three shields; occipital much smaller than the interparietal; internasal in contact with the first labial; a single postnasal; two consecutive loreals; rostral twice as broad as the symphysial; the suture between the fifth and sixth upper labials falls below the centre of the eye; four chin-shields on each side, the first three in contact with the lower labials. Body elongate, cylindrical. 39 scales round the middle of the body, dorsals strongly striated. Limbs very short; the fore limb stretched forwards extends scarcely beyond the ear; the hind limb measures one third the distance between axilla and groin. Tail cylindrical; only the basal scales striated. Bronzy brown above, with small black spots, which are more crowded on the sides and limbs; a black dorso-lateral line, light-edged above, widening on the neck, and extending, through the eye, to the end of the snout; belly whitish, throat speckled with black.

| | - 1 |
|----------------|-----|
| Total length 1 |) |
| Head | |
| Width of head | 8 |
| Body | 57 |
| Fore limb | 10 |
| Hind limb | 13 |
| Tail | |

A single specimen, a gravid female, was sent from Jamaica by Mr. C. H. Baker to the Corporation Museum of Leicester, through the kindness of whose curator, Mr. Montagu Browne, it has been presented to the British Museum.

XXI.—Description of a new Lizard from British East Africa. By G. A. Boulenger, F.R.S.

Lygosoma clathrotis.

Section Liolepisma. Body elongate, limbs short. The distance between the end of the snout and the fore limb is contained twice in the distance between axilla and groin. Snout short, rounded. Lower eyelid with an undivided transparent disk. Nostril pierced in the nasal; no supranasal;